



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
www.uspto.gov

5

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
-----------------	-------------	----------------------	---------------------	------------------

10/771,669

02/04/2004

Yoo-shin Lee

P2072US

3595

8968 7590 09/27/2007  
DRINKER BIDDLE & REATH LLP  
ATTN: PATENT DOCKET DEPT.  
191 N. WACKER DRIVE, SUITE 3700  
CHICAGO, IL 60606

EXAMINER

WANG, KENT F

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2622

MAIL DATE

DELIVERY MODE

09/27/2007

PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Office Action Summary

**Application No.**

10/771,669

**Applicant(s)**

LEE ET AL.

**Examiner**

Kent Wang

**Art Unit**

2622

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 July 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                                | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                       | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application                       |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

**DETAILED ACTION**

***Response to Amendment***

1. The amendments, filed on 07/19/2007, have been entered and made of record. Claims 1-20 are pending.

***Response to Arguments***

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-20 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) or rejection.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
4. Claims 1-7, 12-13, 15-18, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Fischer, US 6,946,817.

Regarding claim 1, Fischer discloses an apparatus for charging a battery of a portable electronic device (mobile communication device) connected to a computer by USB port, the apparatus transferring power from the computer through the USB port, the apparatus comprising:

- a control portion (microprocessor 20, Fig 5) to generate charge control signals (soft-disconnect signal 212, Fig 3 and charge configuration signals 214, Fig 5)

corresponding to a battery selected according to a battery selection signal that is externally input (see col. 6, lines 13-20);

- and a charging portion (charging subsystem 16, Fig 5) to charge the selected battery according to the charge control signals (charge configuration signals 214) from the control portion (microprocessor 20) (col. 6, line 60 to col. 7, line 23 and Fig 5).

Regarding claim 2, Fischer discloses the charge control signals of the control portion comprise a charge start signal (soft-disconnect signal 212, Fig 3) to enable output of the charging portion (causes the soft-disconnect switch 202 to reset, disconnect and reconnect) (see col. 6, lines 21-34 and Fig 3).

Regarding claim 3, Fischer discloses the charge control signals of the control portion comprise a battery type signal (charge configuration signals 214) to control an output voltage level according to the battery selection signal (controls the power supplied by the charging subsystem 16 to the rechargeable battery 18) (see col. 6, lines 21-34 and Fig 3).

Regarding claim 4, Fischer discloses the charge control signals of the control portion (the control signal from charge current controller 408) comprise a charge voltage control signal (monitor the voltage level) and a charge current control signal (control the amount of current), which are generated based on the detection of a charge current and a charge voltage from the charging portion (charge current controller 408, Fig 5), to control the charge current and the charge voltage (battery voltage curve 610 and battery current curve 620, Fig 7) (col. 7, lines 55-67).

Regarding claim 5, Fischer discloses the USB battery charger further comprises a USB controller for controlling bidirectional data transmission (request capability 1320 and report capability 1340, Fig 12B) between the computer and the portable electronic device (the transmission of request and report data between the mobile device and the USB host, col. 14, lines 26-39 and Figs 12A and 12B).

Regarding claim 6, Fischer discloses the battery selection signal is input by a user (a mobile device user, see col. 2, line 58 to col. 3 line 4).

Regarding claim 7, Fischer discloses the battery selection signal is input by a battery recognition apparatus (keyboard 34 or auxiliary I/O 40, Fig 1) (col. 3, lines 44-61 and Fig 1).

Regarding claim 12, Fischer discloses an apparatus (USB charging system) for transferring power from a USB port to a portable electronic device (mobile communication device) with a power and data port, a battery and a device controller, the apparatus comprising:

- a first connector (a port at USB interface 12, Fig 1) configured to mate with the USB port (col. 2, lines 30-38);
- a second connector (a port at charging subsystem 16, Fig 1) configured to mate with the power and data port (col. 2, lines 39-47);
- a cable (Vbus 24, Fig 1) that interconnects the first (a port at USB interface 12) and second connectors (a port at charging subsystem 16) (col. 2, lines 39-47); and
- a USB battery charger (a charging subsystem 16, Fig 1) configured in the second connector, the USB battery charger including a charging portion (charging current control 408) that communicates with the device controller (charging controller

402) for receiving at least one signal relative to the battery, the charging portion (charging current control 408) adjusting power received from the USB port relative to the at least one signal (charge configuration signal 214) for charging the battery (col. 2 line 39 to col. 3, line 4).

Regarding claim 13, this claim recites same limitations as claim 2. Thus it is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed with respect to claim 2 above.

Regarding claim 15, Fischer discloses the control portion (charging current control 408, Fig 5) comprises the device controller (charging controller 402, Fig 5) (vol. 7, lines 41-67).

Regarding claims 16 and 17, these claims recite same limitations as claim 5. Thus they are analyzed and rejected as previously discussed with respect to claim 5 above.

Regarding claim 18, Fischer discloses the cable (a Vbus power line 24, Fig 1) comprises:

- a first portion (first end of a Vbus power line 24) that interconnects a data interface of the first connector (a port at USB interface 12, Fig 1) with the USB controller (USB controller 14, Fig 1); and
- a second portion (second end of a Vbus power line 24) that interconnects a power interface of the first connector (a port at USB interface 12, Fig 1) with the charging portion (charging subsystem 16, Fig 1) (col. 2, lines 40-57).

Regarding claim 20, Fischer discloses the charging portion (charging subsystem 16) comprises:

- a linear regulator (power supplies switch 414, Fig 5) for outputting power to the control portion (col. 7, lines 24-40 and col. 8, lines 10-51);

- a reference voltage generating portion (charge current control 408, Fig 5) for adjusting a voltage charging the battery (col. 7, lines 41-67); and
- a voltage/current regulator (a voltage regulator 412, Fig 5) including an attenuator, a current sense amplifier, a voltage regulation loop compensator and a current regulation loop compensator (col. 7, lines 24-40 and col. 8, lines 38-61).

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

5. Claims 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fischer in view of Sherman, US 6,507,172, and further in view of Misawa, US 7,113,220.

Regarding claim 8, Fischer discloses a mobile communication device connected to a computer by USB to charge a battery by receiving power from the computer through USB, the portable device comprising:

- a USB charger including a USB controller (USB controller 14, Fig 1) to transmit and receive data through a USB port of the computer, a control portion (microprocessor 20, Fig 1) to generate charge control signals corresponding to a battery selected according to a battery selection signal that is externally input, and a charging portion (charging subsystem 16, Fig 1) to charge the selected battery according to the charge control signals from the control portion (col. 2 lines 58-67 and col. 5, line 66 to col. 6, line 20, Fischer);
- a control portion (microprocessor 20, Fig 5) to control a charging operation of the charging portion (col. 3, lines 14-46, Fischer);

Art Unit: 2622

- and a main controller (charge controller 402, Fig 5) to transmit and receive data with the USB controller (Fig 5 and col. 7, lines 4-23, Fischer);

Fischer does not explicitly disclose a charging portion to charge the various types of batteries and a power converting portion to output a plurality of voltage levels. Sherman discloses a USB powered battery charger primarily intended for use in battery powered handheld and other portable device (can be a digital camera) further comprising:

- a charging portion (charger 20, Fig 2) to charge at least one among the various types of batteries (adapted for charging other types of batteries; col. 2 lines 1-10, Sherman)
- and a power converting portion (linear regulator 32, Fig 3) to receive power from the battery that is charged by the charger and generate and output power having a plurality of voltage levels (col. 2, lines 44-63, Sherman).

Fischer and Sherman do not explicitly disclose a mobile communication device/ handheld portable device is a digital camera. Misawa discloses a digital camera (an imaging capturing apparatus 200, Fig 19) can be charged via a USB terminal (col. 16, lines 59-67 and Fig 19, Misawa).

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of the ordinary skill in the art to combine Sherman's charger and linear regulator and Fischer's battery charging system into Misawa's imaging capturing apparatus. The suggestion/motivation would be to provide the ability to dissipate heat caused by high input voltage from USB supply voltage or from other supply voltage battery sources, thereby preventing the portable device from



overheat or breakdown (col. 3, lines 26-43, Sherman) and allows a digital camera to be charged via a USB terminal (col. 16, lines 59-67, Misawa).

Regarding claim 9, Fischer discloses the charge control signals of the control portion comprise a charge start signal (soft-disconnect signal 212, Fig 3, Fischer) to enable output of the charging portion (causes the soft-disconnect switch 202 to reset, disconnect and reconnect) (see col. 6, lines 21-34 and Fig 3, Fischer).

Regarding claim 10, Fischer discloses the charge control signals of the control portion comprise a battery type signal (charge configuration signals 214, Fischer) to control an output voltage level according to the battery selection signal (controls the power supplied by the charging subsystem 16 to the rechargeable battery 18, Fischer) (see col. 6, lines 21-34 and Fig 3, Fischer).

Regarding claim 11, Fischer discloses the charge control signals of the control portion (the control signal from charge current controller 408, Fig 5, Fischer) comprise a charge voltage control signal (monitor the voltage level) and a charge current control signal (control the amount of current), which are generated based on the detection of a charge current and a charge voltage from the charging portion (charge current controller 408, Fig 5, Fischer), to control the charge current and the charge voltage (battery voltage curve 610 and battery current curve 620, Fig 7, Fischer) (col. 7, lines 55-67, Fischer).

6. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fischer in view of Odaohhara, US 6,424,123.

Regarding claim 14, note the discussion of claim 12 above. Fischer does not teach the control portion comprises a PWM module. However, Odaohhara teaches the control portion

Art Unit: 2622

comprises a PWM module (PWM controller 112, Fig 4, Odaohhara) for outputting at least one of a voltage control signal (voltage control signal CS2, Fig 4) and a current control signal (charge control signal CS1, Fig 4) (vol. 8, lines 26-34, vol. 9, lines 18-26, and Fig 4, Odaohhara).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time this invention was made to have used a PWM controller as taught by Odaohhara as modified by Fischer so that it can minimizing duty cycle to optimize efficiency of matching the reference voltage and boost current delivery (col. 9, lines 3-26, Odaohhara).

7. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fischer in view of Hsu, US 6,798,173.

Regarding claim 19, note the discussion of claim 12 above. Fischer does not teach the first portion comprises a twisted-pair cable. However, Hsu teaches the first portion comprises a twisted-pair cable (col. 3, lines 10-52, Hsu).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time this invention was made to have used a twisted-pair cable as taught by Hsu as modified by Fischer so that it can fitting the data transfer rates of USB and maximum length limitation and further canceling out electromagnetic interference, electromagnetic radiation and crosstalk between neighboring pairs (col. 3, lines 10-52, Hsu).

### *Conclusion*

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- Kim (WO 02/17460) discloses a mobile phone charger using universal serial bus of computer and converter module to convert received voltage to produce predetermined level for charging battery.
- Masakatsu (JP 2002-237971) discloses an electronic still camera which charges a dc-battery in more detail using a data transfer cable with a computer about an electronic "still" camera.
- Yang (US 6,664,758) discloses a universal power adapter which selectively provides different output voltages to fit different voltage requirements and is compact and highly mobile.
- Kolbet et al. (US 6,308,215) disclose an apparatus for extending USB linkage between a first computer unit and a second computer unit, the units respectively having a first USB port and a second USB port for the linkage.
- Kerai et al. (US 6,531,845) disclose a communications device which can be charged from the power supply or internal battery of a laptop computer equipped with a USB port and connected thereto with a suitable cable thereby avoiding the need for a user to carry a dedicated battery charger for the radio telephone.
- Henrie (US 6,000,042) discloses an apparatus for a dual power supply on a universal serial bus system using an overcurrent detect circuit.

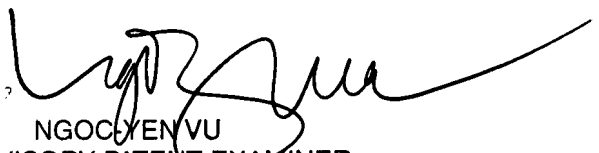
*Inquiries*

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kent Wang whose telephone number is 571-270-1703. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 A.M. - 5:30 PM (every other Friday off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ngoc Yen Vu can be reached on 571-272-7320. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-270-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

KW  
13 September 2007

  
NGOC YEN VU  
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER